

Connecting people, science, and nature for a healthy Delaware River and Bay



Fall Cool Down Fall is a crucial time for insects and other wildlife in our gardens. Many creatures

need to prepare before they enter winter hibernation, or diapause. Some insects

## may also work hard to provide for the next generation by gathering resources for eggs or larvae that overwinter. Either way, your fall garden isn't

finished yet! With some extra considerations, your garden can provide benefits all year long. The nectar/pollen of fall blooming plants, (asters, sunflowers, blackeyed Susan, etc.), as well as the seeds/fruits of others (coneflowers, persimmon, etc.) provide important nutrients to wildlife. They also, of course, are ensuring the future of the next generation of plants! And stems of already spent flowers provide habitat for many insects to shelter over the winter. The work of nature never ends. Read on to discover more ways to garden in an eco-friendly fashion this fall and support your backyard habitat. This issue of Perennial Pages features some great tips for keeping your garden up to par for the creatures it's benefiting and its human caretakers. We'll also spotlight a fall favorite in the "What's up?" section. Welcome, fall!



• Although it can be plant specific, take a moment to see what bushes or trees may need pruning and then research if it's a good time to do so. For many,

## fall is a good time for a haircut. Try saving the stems in a brush pile for wildlife.

• Fall is a great time to plant new plants as well as divide others that are getting a little crowded. Many perennials can be split to form new plants

your yard to limit disturbance to any tiny creatures.

that you can put in new locations (or share with friends!). It is easiest to do this after rain when the ground is soft for digging. • Try not to clean-up your gardens, and remember to leave the leaves! Plant material that is dying back is very important for overwintering insects and other creatures. If you MUST remove something, do not compost or trash all

the material. You can keep the sticks and leaves in a more hidden area of

- Aim to find beauty in the seasonal fading of the world around you. Although it seems like it lasts forever, the brown and gray of winter is just another season we get the opportunity to enjoy! Check out past fall issues of Perennial Pages for more garden tips and tricks.



them looking their best all season long. Here are some useful tips in achieving a beautiful garden that also benefits our fellow inhabitants like birds and insects.

are a top choice.

support.

As day lengths shorten, summer plants start to die back, so make sure you stock your garden full of fall bloomers to blend in with the plants that are fading. Asters

If possible, plant short fall blooming or evergreen plants in front of tall summer bloomers to help mask dried up leaves and stalks. For example wood asters in

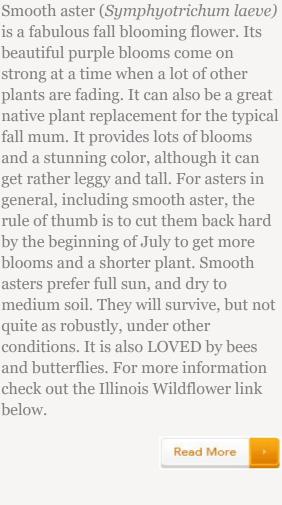
front of coneflowers and beebalm. Use evergreen ground covers and shrubs to keep interest throughout the year, even strategically planting around perennials that you know won't look their best by fall. This can include grasses. Grasses, particularly *Carex* species, are some of most underutilized plantings in native plant gardens. (Also try panicgrasses (Panicum sps.) and little blue stem (Schizachyrium scoparium)). They aren't showy, but they are predictable and maintain their form consistently.

Buttress tall plants with short ones to prevent floppiness. For example, try little

blue stem grass (Schizachyrium scoparium) around purple coneflower (Echinacea purpurea) or black-eyed Susan (Rudbeckia sps.) to gain some

and provide structure throughout the year. Celebrate and embrace the new aesthetic. Native gardens are more than just pretty flowers, they are habitats. Keep that in mind and spread the word, you may begin to change hearts and minds.

Where there is room, use shrubs. They can provide early and late season interest



Smooth aster (Symphyotrichum laeve) Newark,

Delaware (Photo: Sarah Bouboulis)

What's "up"?

Seasonal Plant Identification

**PDE News** 

them out!

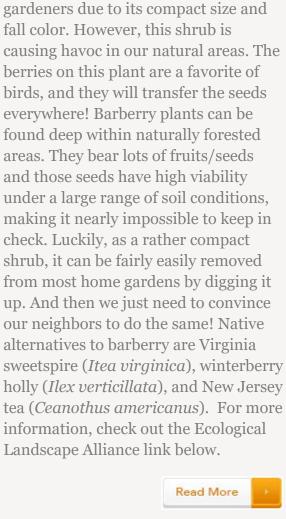
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## Newark, Delaware (Photo: Sarah Bouboulis) Japanese Barberry (Berberis thurnbergii) is popular among home

Japanese Barberry (Berberis thunbergii),

Space Invaders

**Invasive Species Spotlight** 





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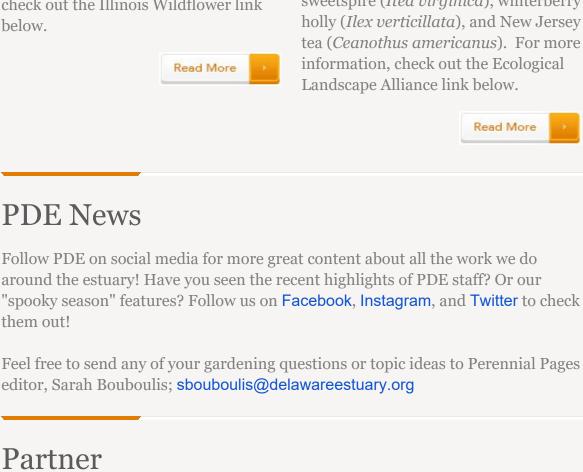
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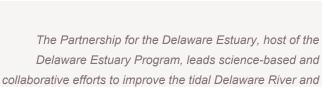
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Bay, which spans Delaware, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania.



